



A Guide to Windows & Doors in Bushfire Prone Areas



Version 5

incl. AS3559: 2009 Amendment 3

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A Guide to Windows and Doors in Bushfire Prone Areas

In response to devastating bushfires in Victoria in 2009, Australian Standard 3959 was updated and republished AS3959:2009. The Building Code of Australia referenced the new Standard on the 1st May 2010.

The old standard had 4 levels of bushfire attack, the new Standard has 6 levels of severity expressed as Bushfire Attack Levels (BAL):

- BAL - Low
- BAL - 12.5
- BAL - 19
- BAL - 29
- BAL - 40
- BAL - FZ

This booklet is a guide for the different construction requirements for windows and doors in each level.

This guide is not a replacement for AS 3959:2009, for more information refer to AS 3959:2009 Construction of Buildings in Bushfire Prone Areas.



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DISCLAIMER:

This key message has been developed to provide general guidance, awareness and education to AWA members only. It should not be viewed as a definitive guide and should be read in conjunction with the full Standard AS3959:2009 (visit www.sia-global.com.au). While every effort has been made to ensure the information is accurate the AWA expressly disclaims all and any liability to any person for anything done in reliance on this publication. No responsibility is accepted by the AWA for any mistakes, errors or omissions in this publication.

Contents

1	Bushfire attack levels (BALS)	3
2	Condensed explanation of window and door requirements	4
a.	BAL – Low	4
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
b.	BAL – 12.5	4
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
c.	BAL – 19	5
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
d.	BAL – 29	6
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
e.	BAL – 40	7
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
f.	BAL – FZ	8
	i. Windows	
	ii. Side Hung Doors including French and Bi-folds Doors	
	iii. External Sliding doors	
3	Easy guide for window and door requirements	9
4	Diagrams	12
5	Timber Species & Densities	14
6	Bushfire Resisting Timbers	16

1 Bushfire Attack Levels

AS3959:2009 is primarily concerned with improving the ability of buildings in designated bushfireprone areas to better withstand attack from bushfire thus giving a measure of protection to the building occupants (until the fire front passes) as well as to the building itself.

Research is continuing with regards to the effects of bushfires on buildings, determination of bushfireprone areas within various States and particular construction techniques designed to maximize the performance of buildings when subjected to bushfire attack. The outcomes of this research will be reflected in subsequent editions of AS3959.

Note: AS 2047 and AS 1288 must be complied with.

Bushfire Attack Level (BAL)	Description of predicted bushfire attack and levels of exposure
BAL – LOW	There is insufficient risk to warrant specific construction requirements
BAL – 12.5	Ember attack
BAL – 19	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing heat flux between 12.5 and 19 kW m ²
BAL – 29	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing heat flux between 19 and 29 kW m ²
BAL – 40	Increasing levels of ember attack and burning debris ignited by windborne embers together with increasing heat flux with the increased likelihood of exposure to flames
BAL – FZ	Direct exposure to flames from fire front in addition to heat flux and ember attack

Bushfire Attack Levels

2 Condensed Explanation of Window & Door Requirements

- Systems tested to AS 1530.8.1 may be used for all levels up to and inclusive of the BAL level achieved
- Systems tested to AS 1530.8.2 may be used for all BAL levels

If any material, element of construction or system satisfies the test criteria without screening for ember protection, the requirements of this Standard for screening of openable parts of windows or doors shall still apply.

a. BAL – Low

Standard window and door products may be used at this level. There are no special requirements.

b. BAL – 12.5

For windows:

Comply with one of the following options:

Option 1: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009.

Option 2: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by external metal mesh screens with a maximum aperture of 2mm. Screen must be steel, bronze or aluminium wire.

Option 3: Windows must meet the following:

1. All openings must be screened internally or externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium)
2. Exposed external hardware that supports the sash in its function of opening and closing to be made from metal
3. All glass within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal must be glazed in Grade A safety glass minimum 4mm. (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13)
4. If windows are within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13) they must be manufactured in:
 - a. Bushfire resistant timber – See p.16
 - b. A timber species from p.14 & 15
 - c. Metal this includes aluminium
 - d. uPVC with metal reinforcing

Note: Internal and External screens must be fitted in a way that does not allow gaps greater than 3mm in diameter.

For side hung external doors including french and bi-fold doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: As per windows.

Option 3: As per windows above parts 2, 3 & 4 including:

1. Doors must be made of:
 - a. Non combustible; or
 - b. 35mm solid timber for the first 400mm above threshold; or
 - c. Have a non combustible kickplate on the outside for the first 400mm above the threshold; or
 - d. A fully framed glazed door must be made from materials required by AS3959:2009 or a timber species from p.14&15
2. Glazing shall comply with the requirements of windows.
3. Doors shall be tight fitting.
4. Weather strips and draught seals shall be installed at base of side hung external doors.

For external sliding doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: As per windows.

Option 3: Sliding doors must meet the following

1. They shall be glazed in Grade A safety glass to AS1288:2006
2. If screened the screen must be steel, bronze or aluminium.

Note: Sliding doors are not required to be screened.

3. Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frame. The construction of sliding doors should prevent the entry of embers when closed.

c. BAL – 19

For windows:

Comply with one of the following options:

Option 1: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009.

Option 2: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by external metal mesh screens with a maximum aperture of 2mm. Screen must be steel, bronze or aluminium wire.

Option 3: Windows must meet the following:

1. Where annealed glass is used, glass must be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm. (steel, bronze or aluminium)
2. If 5mm toughened glass used throughout, openings must be internally or externally screened with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm. (steel, bronze or aluminium)
3. Exposed external hardware that supports the sash in its function of opening and closing to be made from metal.
4. All glass within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13) must be glazed in toughened safety glass minimum 5mm.
5. If windows are within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13) they must be manufactured in:
 - a. Bushfire resistant timber – See p.16
 - b. A timber species from p.14 & 15
 - c. Metal - this includes aluminium
 - d. uPVC with metal reinforcing

Note: Internal and External screens must be fitted in a way that does not allow gaps greater than 3mm in diameter. Where IGU's are used and 5mm toughened glass is required it only needs to be applied to the external face.

For side hung external doors including french and bi-fold doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: As per windows.

Option 3: As per windows above 5mm Toughened Glass

1. Doors must be made of:
 - a. Non combustible; or
 - b. 35mm solid timber for the first 400mm above threshold; or
 - c. Have a non combustible kickplate on the outside for the first 400mm above the threshold; or
 - d. A fully framed glazed door must be made from materials required by AS3959:2009 or a timber species from p.14 & 15
2. Doors shall be tight fitting to the door frame
3. Weather strips, draught seals shall be installed at base of side hung external doors.
4. Hinged Doors are not required to be screened

For external sliding doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: As per windows.

Option 3: Sliding doors must meet the following

1. They shall be glazed in toughened safety glass minimum 5mm.
2. If screened the screen must be steel, bronze or aluminium.

Note: Sliding doors are not required to be screened.

3. Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frame. The construction of sliding doors should prevent the entry of embers when closed.

d. BAL – 29

For windows:

Comply with one of the following options:

Option 1: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009.

Option 2: Windows must meet the following:

1. All glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 5mm.
2. Window frames shall be made from one of the following:
 - a. Bushfire resistant timber – See p.16
 - b. Metal – this includes aluminium
 - c. uPVC with metal reinforcing
3. Exposed external hardware that supports the sash in its function of opening and closing to be made from metal
4. All glass within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13) must be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium).
5. All openings must be screened internally or externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium).

Note: Internal and External screens must be fitted in a way that does not allow gaps greater than 3mm in diameter. Where IGU's are used and 5mm toughened glass is required it only needs to be applied to the external face.

For side hung external doors including french and bi-fold doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: Are completely protected by external metal mesh screens with a maximum aperture of 2mm. (steel, bronze or aluminium).

Option 3:

1. Doors shall be:
 - a. Non combustible or
 - b. 35mm solid timber for the first 400mm above threshold or
 - c. Hollow core doors must be protected externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium).
 - d. A fully framed glazed door made from non combustible materials or bushfire resistant timber (p.16).
2. Exposed external hardware must be metal.
3. All glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 6mm.
4. All glass within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal (refer 4 Diagrams pp.12-13) must be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium).

5. Door frames shall be made of:
6. Doors shall be tight fitting.
7. Weather strips, draught seals shall be installed at base of side hung external doors.

For external sliding doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: Are completely protected by external metal mesh screens with a maximum aperture of 2mm (steel, bronze or aluminium).

Option 3:

1. Frames shall be made of:
2. Exposed external hardware must be metal.
3. All glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 6mm.
4. Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frame. The construction of sliding doors should prevent the entry of embers when closed.

Note: Sliding doors are not required to be screened

e. BAL – 40

For windows:

Comply with one of the following options:

Option 1: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009 and be made from non combustible material.

Option 2: The window system shall comply with AS 1530.8.1 when tested from the outside

Option 3: Windows must meet the following:

1. All glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 6mm.
2. Window frames shall be made from metal – this includes aluminium.
3. Hardware that supports the sash in its function of opening and closing to be made from metal.
4. Openable and fixed portions must be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel or bronze).
5. Seals to stiles, head and sills or thresholds shall be manufactured from silicone or a material having a flammability index no greater than 5.

Note: Internal and External screens must be fitted in a way that does not allow gaps greater than 3mm in diameter. Where IGU's are used and 5mm toughened glass is required it only needs to be applied to the external face.

For side hung external doors including french and bi-fold doors:

Option 1: As per windows

Option 2: The door system shall comply with AS 1530.8.1 when tested from the outside

Option 3:

1. Doors shall be:
 - a. Non combustible or
 - b. A solid timber door having 35mm solid timber for the first 400mm above the threshold and protected externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel or bronze) or
 - c. A fully framed glazed door made from non combustible materials.
2. Exposed external hardware that supports the panel in its function of opening and closing shall be metal
3. All glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 6mm.
4. All glass within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal must be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel or bronze).
5. Door frames shall be made of metal – this includes aluminium.
6. Doors shall be tight fitting.

7. Seals to stiles, head and sills or thresholds shall be manufactured from silicone or a material with a flammability index no greater than 5.
8. Weather strips, draught seals shall be installed at base of side hung external doors.

For external sliding doors:

Option 1: As per windows.

Option 2: The door system shall comply with AS 1530.8.1 when tested from the outside

Option 3:

1. Frames shall be made of metal – this includes aluminium.
2. Exposed external hardware must be metal.
3. Where sliding doors incorporate glazing, all glazing shall be toughened safety glass minimum 6mm, both fixed and openable portions shall be screened externally with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm (steel or bronze).
4. Seals to stiles, head and sills or thresholds shall be manufactured from silicone or a material with a flammability index no greater than 5.
5. Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frame. The construction of sliding doors should prevent the entry of embers when closed.

f. BAL – FZ

For windows:

Comply with one of the following options:

Option 1: Standard windows can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009.

Option 2: Windows must meet the following:

1. The window system shall comply with AS1530.8.2 when tested from the outside or have and FRL of at least -/30/- .

Note: All openable portions shall be internally or externally screened with metal screens with maximum aperture of 2mm. (steel or bronze).

For side hung external doors including french and bi-fold doors:

Option 1: Standard doors can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009

Option 2: Doors must meet the following:

1. The door system shall comply with AS1530.8.2 when tested from the outside or have and FRL of at least -/30/- .

For external sliding doors:

Option 1: Standard doors can be used provided they are completely protected by bushfire shutters complying with AS3959:2009.

Option 2: Doors must meet the following:

1. The door system shall comply with AS1530.8.2 when tested from the outside have and FRL of at least -/30/- .

3 Easy guide for window and door requirements

Please note, the summary provided herein is for quick reference purposes only and does not contain the full requirement wording used in the Standard. Please refer directly to the standard for full requirements.

Requirements for Windows – Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) 12.5 to FZ

Timber Species with a Density of 650kg/m³ or greater

BAL 12.5	BAL 19	BAL 29	BAL 40	BAL FZ
Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of bushfire resistant timber (see p.16)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Window frames and hardware shall be metal.	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Window frames and hardware shall be metal.
Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of bushfire resistant timber (see p.16) or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of timber species from p.14&15	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of timber species from p.14 & 15 or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of metal	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Frames & joinery of metal reinforced uPVC or Sash supporting, opening and closing hardware to be made from metal		
Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Grade A safety glass min 4mm Above 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Annealed glass allowable	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Toughened glass min 5mm Above 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal. Annealed glass allowable	Glass shall be 5mm toughened minimum	Glass shall be 6mm toughened minimum	
Operable portions of windows to be screened with metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm to all annealed glass including fixed glass (Steel, Bronze or Al) or Internal or external mesh screens to operable sashes if toughened glass used throughout (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Operable portions of windows to be screened with Metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Operable and fixed portions of windows to be screened with metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel or Bronze only) Seals to sills, heads, sills or thresholds to be of materials having a flammability index no greater than 5	Operable portions of windows to be screened with metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel or Bronze only)
	Glazing elements designed to take internal screens shall use toughened glass and operable sashes to be fitted with metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm with no external gaps greater than 3mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)			Window system will comply with AS1530.8.2 when tested from outside.



Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL



Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL



Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL



Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

Requirements for Side Hung External Doors (Including French & Bi-fold Doors) – Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) 12.5 to FZ

BAL 12.5	BAL 19	BAL 29	BAL 40	BAL FZ
Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al) or Shall be: Non-combustible	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al) or Shall be: Non-combustible	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al) or Shall be: Non-combustible	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al) or Shall be: Non-combustible	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or All door systems will comply with AS1530.8.2 when tested from outside.
Shall be: A solid timber door with min 35mm thickness for first 400mm above threshold or Shall be: A door (inc hollow core) with non combustible external kick plate for first 400mm above the threshold or A fully framed glazed door with frame made from materials req'd by AS3959:2009 or A fully framed glazed door made from a timber species from p.14 & 15	Shall be: A solid timber door with min 35mm thickness for first 400mm above threshold or Shall be: A door (inc hollow core) with non combustible external kick plate for first 400mm above the threshold or A fully framed glazed door with frame made from materials req'd by AS3959:2009 or A fully framed glazed door made from a timber species from p.14 & 15	Shall be: A solid timber door with min 35mm thickness for first 400mm above threshold or A door (inc hollow core) protected on the outside by a metal mesh screen with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al) or A fully framed glazed door with frame made from non-combustible materials or bushfire resistant timber (Ref p.16) Panel supporting, opening and closing hardware to be made from metal	A solid timber door with min 35mm thickness for first 400mm above threshold and protected outside with metal framed screen door with a metal mesh screen with max aperture of 2mm (Steel or Bronze only). or A fully framed glazed door with frame made from non-combustible materials. Panel supporting, opening and closing hardware to be made from metal	Seals shall not compromise the FRL or the performance achieved in AS1530.4
Where glazed, glazing as per BAL 12.5 requirements for windows Doors shall be tight fitting to door frames and abutting door panels where applicable	Where glazed, glazing shall be 5mm toughened minimum Doors shall be tight fitting to door frames and abutting door panels where applicable	Where glazed, glazing shall be 6mm toughened minimum Doors shall be tight fitting to door frames and abutting door panels where applicable	Where glazed, glazing shall be 6mm toughened minimum Doors shall be tight fitting to door frames and abutting door panels where applicable	Doors shall be tight fitting to door frames and abutting door panels where applicable
Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Bushfire Resistant Timber (Ref p16) or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Timber species from p.14 & 15 or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal frame or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal reinforced uPVC	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Bushfire Resistant Timber (Ref p.16) or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Timber Species from p.14 & 15 or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal frame or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal reinforced uPVC	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Bushfire Resistant Timber (Ref p.16) or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal frame or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal reinforced uPVC	Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Bushfire Resistant Timber (Ref p.16) or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal frame or Within 400mm of ground or other structures within 18 degrees of horizontal door frames shall be: Metal reinforced uPVC	Weather strips, draught excluders or draught seals to base of side hung external doors

Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL


Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL


Requirements for External Sliding Doors – Bushfire Attack Level (BAL) 12.5 to FZ

BAL 12.5	BAL 19	BAL 29	BAL 40	BAL FZ
Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with Clause AS3959:2009 or Completely protected by external metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or The doorframe shall be of metal	Completely protected by a bushfire shutter compliant with AS3959:2009 or All sliding door systems will comply with AS1630.8.2 when tested from outside.
All glazing shall be Grade A safety in accordance with AS1288 When glazed in accordance with the above, operable panels are not required to have screens. If screens are fitted they shall be metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Any glazing shall be 5mm toughened minimum When glazed in accordance with the above, operable panels are not required to have screens. If screens are fitted they shall be metal mesh screens with max aperture of 2mm (Steel, Bronze or Al)	Door frames shall be of bushfire resistant timber (Refer p. 16) or aluminium or steel Panel supporting, opening and closing hardware to be made from metal Where glazed, glazing shall be 6mm toughened glass minimum	Panel supporting, opening and closing hardware to be made from metal	
Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frames	Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frames	Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frames	Seals to stiles, heads, sills or thresholds shall be made of silicon Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frames	Sliding doors shall be tight fitting in the frames

 Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

 Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

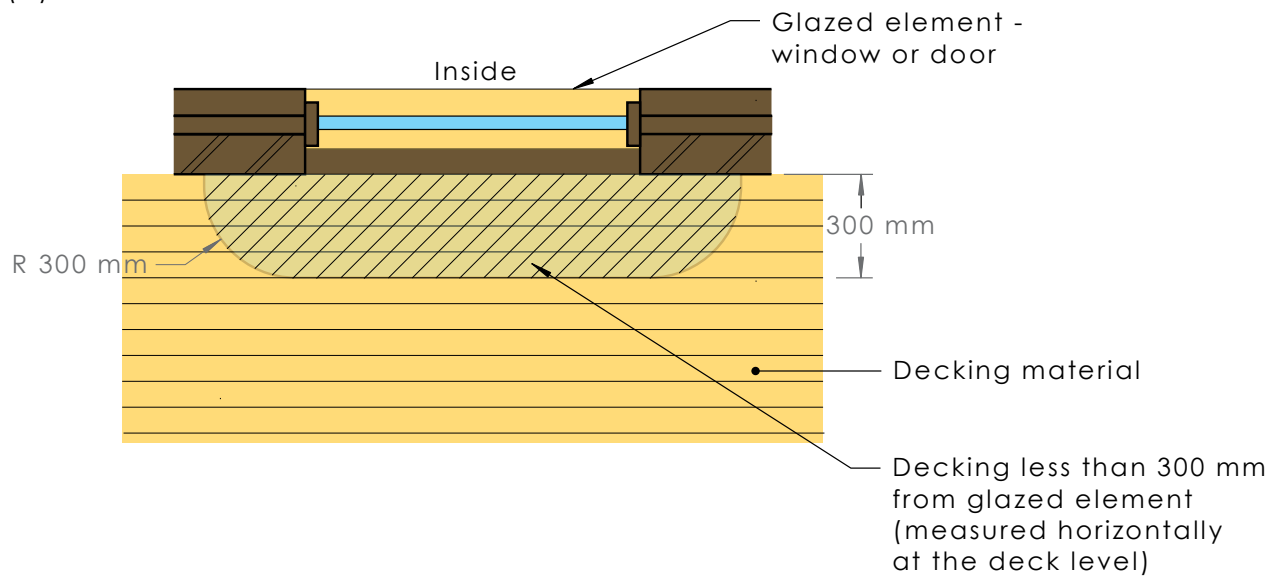
 Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

 Denotes increased requirement over previous BAL

4 Diagrams

DIAGRAM A - Decking within Horizontal & vertical Limits of Glazed Elements

(a) Plan view



(b) Elevation view

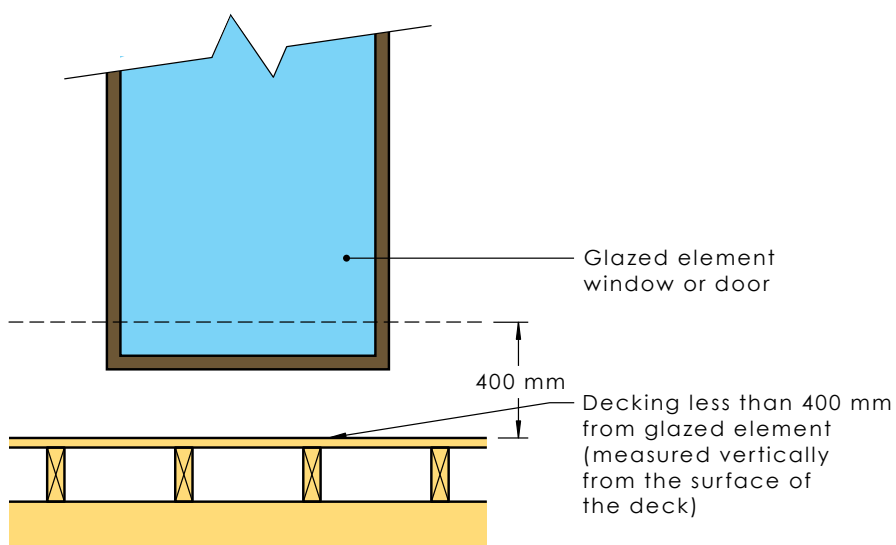
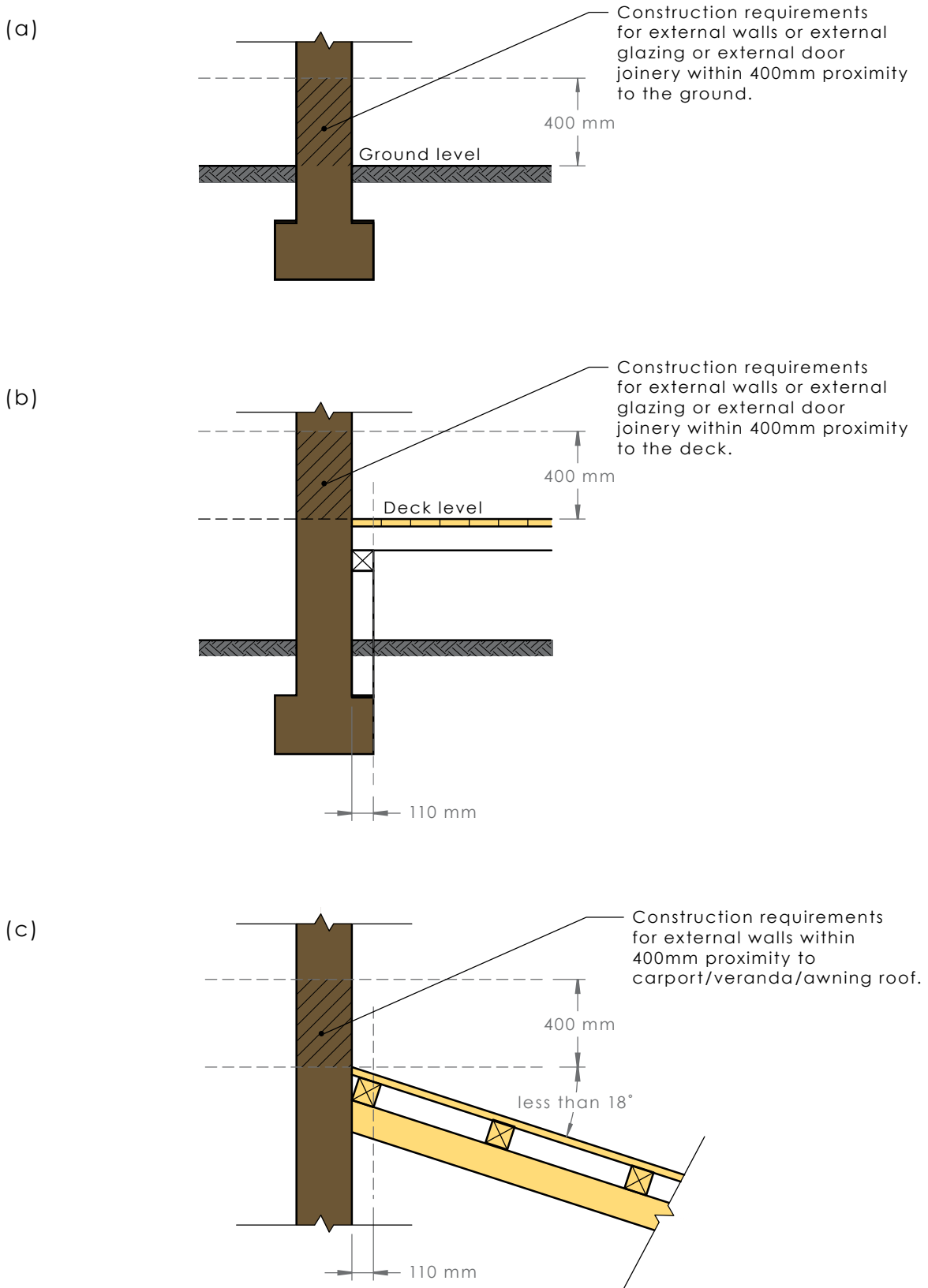


DIAGRAM B - External Walls Or External Glazing, or External Door Frames Within Limits Above Ground, Decks, Carport Roofs



5 Timber Species & Densities

Timber species with a density of 650 kg/m or greater at a 12 percent moisture content is suitable for window joinery and doorframes where specified in Sections 5 and 6 of AS3595:2009. Examples of suitable timber species are listed in the table below

Densities of timber species not listed in the table below may be found in AS 1720.2.
Many of the timber species listed in Table E2 from various regions of Australia may not be available in all areas.

NOTE: For more information on timber species & densities please refer to Appendix E of AS3959:2009

Standard trade name	Botanical name
Ash, alpine	Eucalyptus delegatensis
Ash, Crow's	Eucalyptus sieberi
Ash, mountain	Eucalyptus regnans
Ash, silvertop	Eucalyptus Sieberi
Balau (selangan batu)	Shorea spp.
Bangkirai	Shorea laevifolia
Beech, myrtle	Nothofagus canninghamii
Belian	Eusideroxylon zwageri
Blackbutt	Eucalyptus pilularis
Blackbutt, New England	Eucalyptus andrewsii
Blackwood	Acacia melanoxylon
Box, brush	Lophosteman confertus
Box, grey	Eucalyptus microcarpa
Box, grey, coast	Eucalyptus bosistoana
Box, white-topped	Eucalyptus quadrangulata
Box, yellow	Eucalyptus melliodora
Brownbarrel	Eucalyptus fastigata
Candlebark	Eucalyptus rubida
Cypress, white	Callitris glaucophylla
Gum, blue, southern	Eucalyptus globulus
Gum, blue, Sydney	Eucalyptus saligna
Gum, grey	Eucalyptus propinqua
Gum, grey, mountain	Eucalyptus cypellocarpa
Gum Maiden's	Eucalyptus maidenii
Gum, manna	Eucalyptus viminalis
Gum, mountain	Eucalyptus dalrympleana
Gum, red, forest	Eucalyptus teteticornis
Gum, red, river	Eucalyptus camaldulensis
Gum, rose	Eucalyptus grandis
Gum, shinning	Eucalyptus nitens
Gum, spotted	Corymbia maculata Corymbia henry Corymbia citriodora

(...continued)

A Guide to Windows and Doors in Bushfire Prone Areas

Gum, sugar	<i>Eucalyptus cladocalyx</i>
Hardwood,	Johnstone River <i>Backhousia bancroftii</i>
Ironbark, grey	<i>Eucalyptus paniculata</i>
Ironbark, red	<i>Eucalyptus sideroxylon</i>
Jarrah	<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>
Kapur	<i>Dryobalanops</i> spp.
Karri	<i>Eucalyptus Diversicolor</i>
Kempas	<i>Koompassia malaccensis</i>
Keruing	<i>Dipterocarpus</i> spp.
Kwila (Merbau)	<i>Intsia bijuga</i>
Mahogany, Philippine Red, dark	<i>Shorea</i> spp.
Mahogany red	<i>Eucalyptus resinifera</i>
Mahogany, southern	<i>Eucalyptus botryoides</i>
Mahogany, white	<i>Eucalyptus acmenoides</i>
Messmate	<i>Eucalyptus obliqua</i>
Messmate, Gympie	<i>Eucalyptus cloeziana</i>
Northern Box (Pelawan)	<i>Tristaniopsis</i> spp.
Oak, American	<i>Quercus</i> spp.
Peppermint, narrow-leaved	<i>Eucalyptus australiana</i>
Pine, celery-top	<i>Phylloeladus asplenifolius</i>
Pine, slash	<i>Pinus elliotii</i>
Ramin	<i>Gorlystulus</i> spp.
Rosewoos, New Guinea	<i>Pterocarpus indicus</i>
Satinay	<i>Syncarpia hillii</i>
Stringybark,	Blackdown <i>Eucalyptus sphaerocarpa</i>
Stringybark,	blue-leaved <i>Eucalyptus agglomerata</i>
Stringybark,	brown <i>Eucalyptus baxteri</i>
Stringybark,	silvertop <i>Eucalyptus laevopinea</i>
Stringybark,	white <i>Eucalyptus eugenioides</i>
Stringybark,	yellow <i>Eucalyptus muellerana</i>
Tallowwood	<i>Eucalyptus microcorys</i>
Taun	<i>Pometia Pinnata</i>
Turpentine	<i>Syncarpia glomulifera</i>
Vitex, New Guinea	<i>Vitex Cofassus</i>
Wollybutt	<i>Eucalyptus longifolia</i>

6 Bushfire Resisting Timber

Bushfire-resisting timber is timber that is deemed to be acceptable to withstand exposure up to a BAL—29 condition.

To satisfy the requirements for bushfire-resisting timber, timber shall be tested in accordance with AS/NZS 3837

Current Products that have been tested and are approved for use:

Standard trade name	Botanical name
Ash, silvertop	<i>Eucalyptus sieberi</i>
Blackbutt	<i>Eucalyptus pilularis</i>
Gum, red, river	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>
Gum, spotted	<i>Corymbia maculate</i> <i>Corymbia henryi</i> <i>Corymbia citriodora</i>
Ironbark, red	<i>Eucalyptus sideroxylon</i>
Kwila (Merbau)	<i>Intsia bijuga</i>